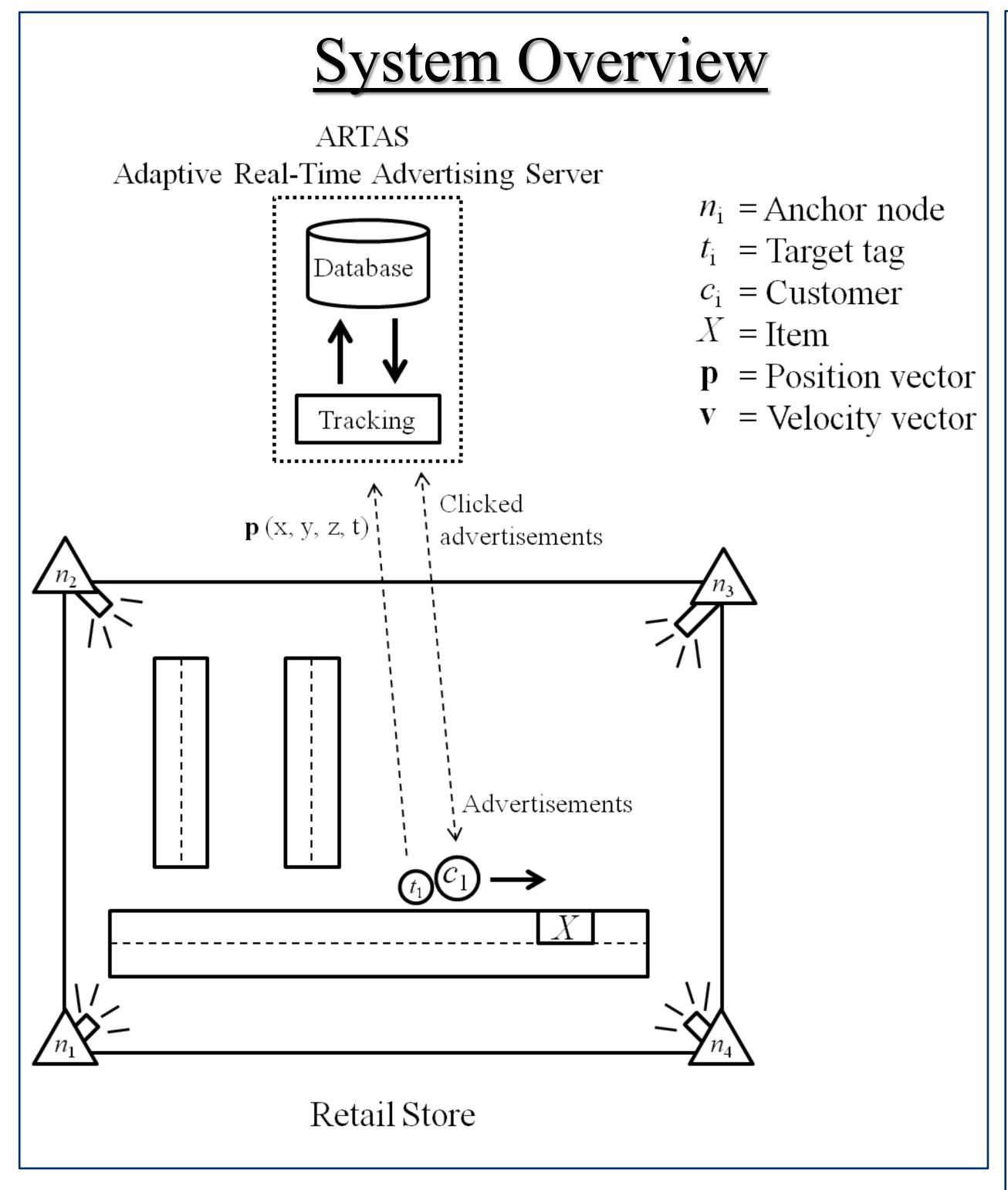
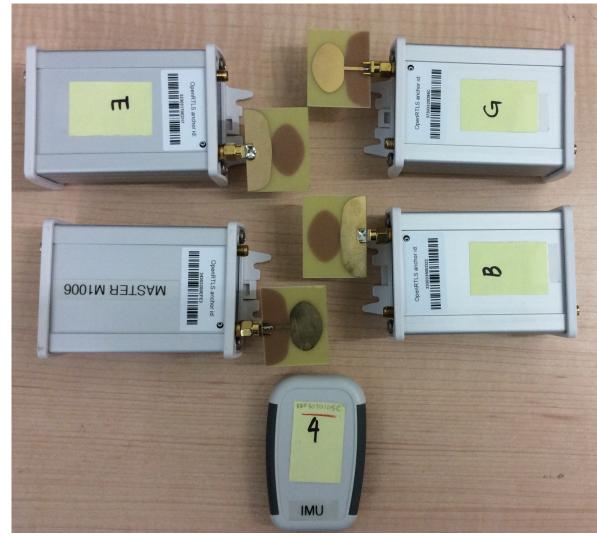
Indoor Localization Supporting Smartphone Advertising Amy Seo, Bradford G. Nickerson and Wei Song

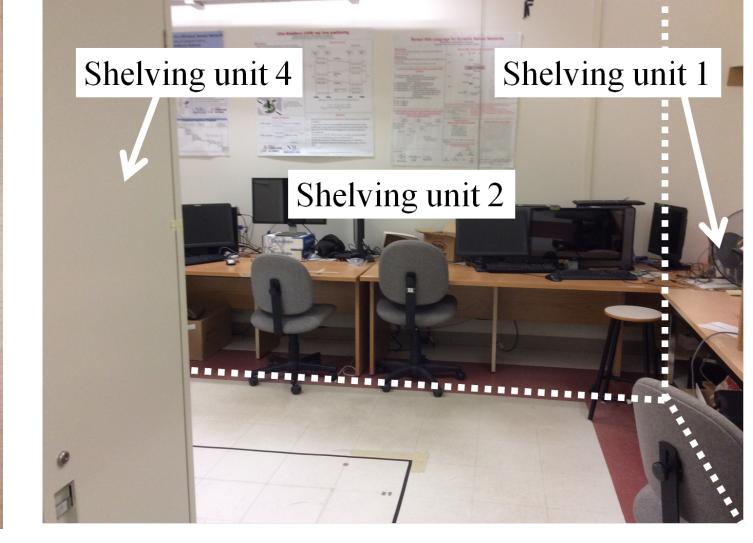


Ultra-wideband (UWB) hardware from OpenRTLS



- 3 anchor nodes
- 1 master anchor node
- 1 tag

Experiment



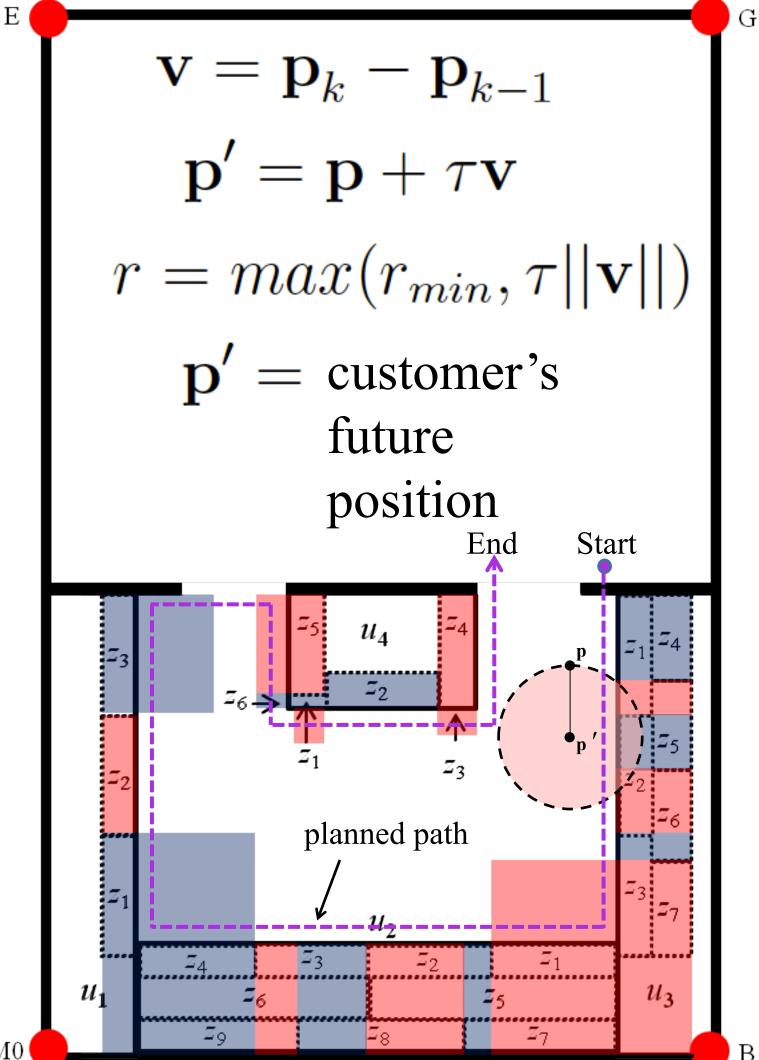
- UNB Computer Science IB214
- 4 simulated shelving units, 25 zones
- 57 items, 26 advertisements

$$S = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} s_i}{N} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} \frac{T + 0.5R}{M}}{N}, \quad \overline{S} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} S_i}{n}$$

• Advertising score S measures the number of advertisements correctly ranked ($S \in [0, 1]$)

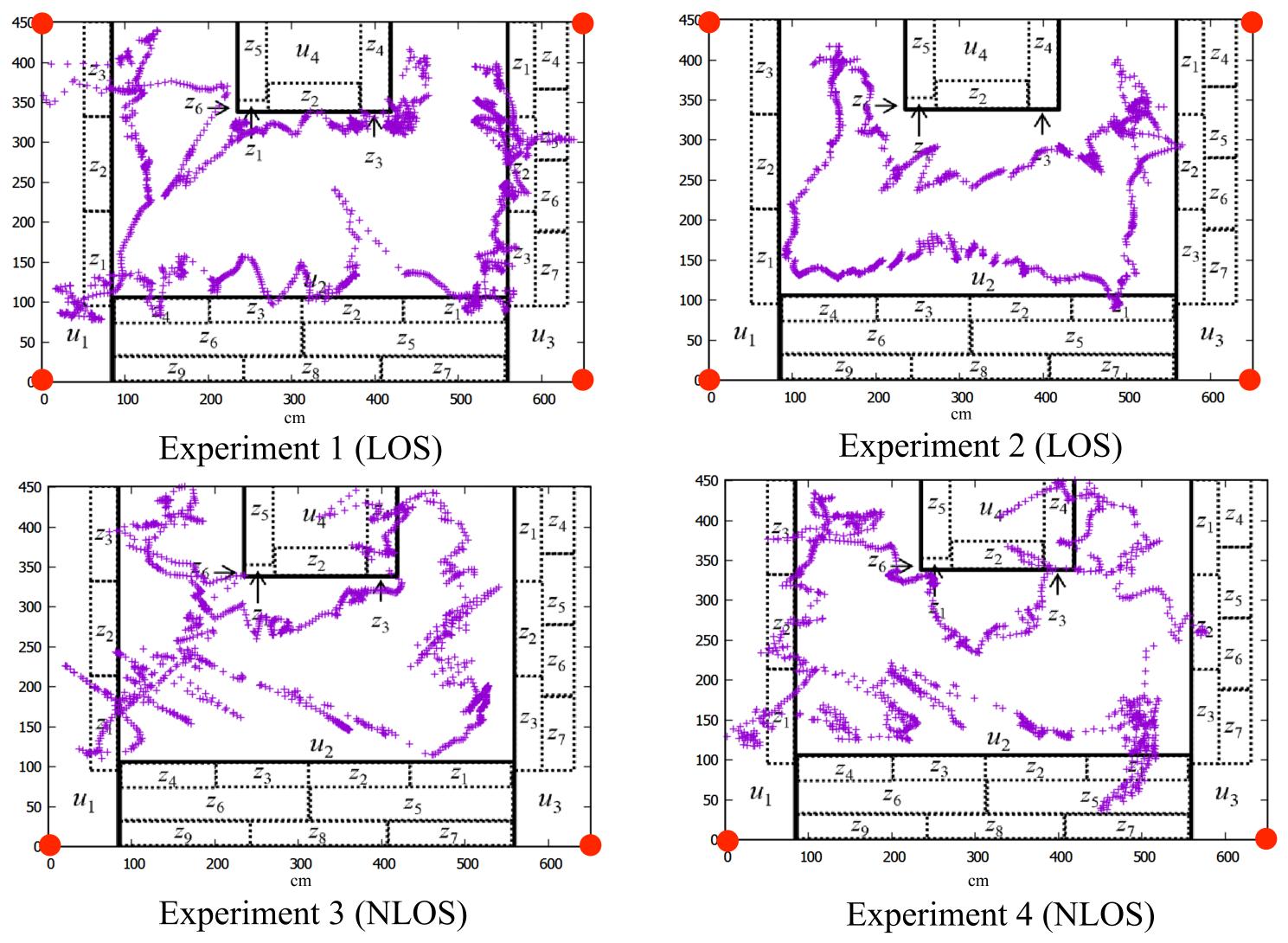
T is the number of times all advertisements from a zone z_i were top ranked when the a simulated customer is nearest to zone z_i

- R is the number of times at least half of all advertisements were ranked when near a zone
- M is number of advertisements sent to the customer near a zone
- N is the number of overlapping zones (18 in the experiment)
- $\bullet S$ is the average S in one or more experiments
- *n* is the number of test cases:16 for a single experiment, 32 for LOS and NLOS, or 64 for all experiments

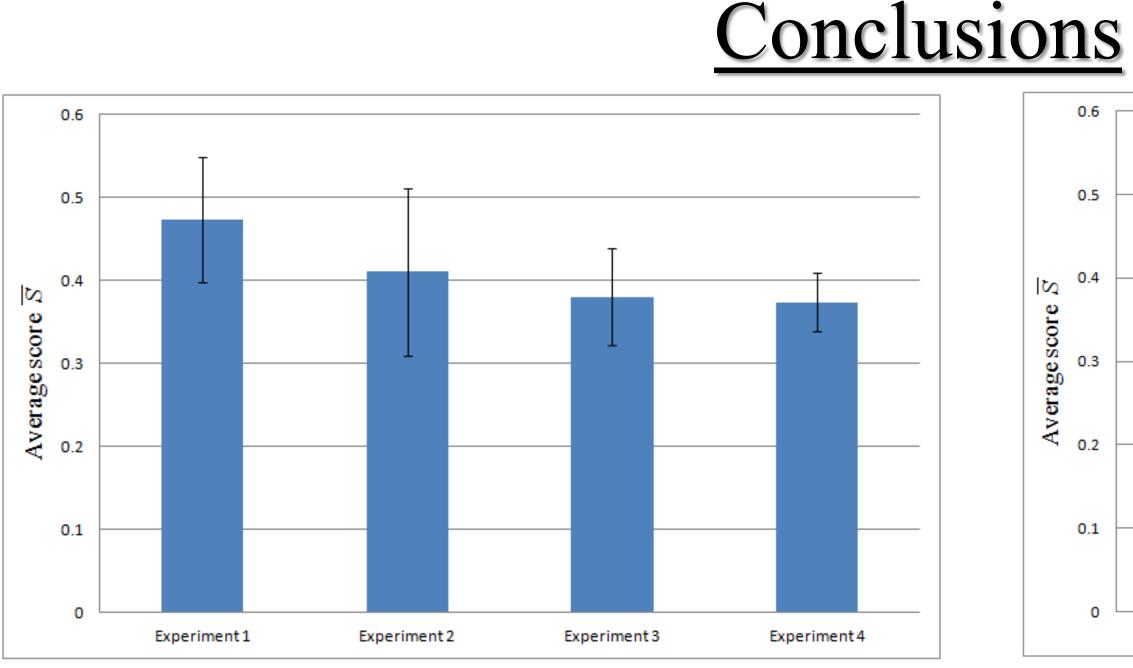


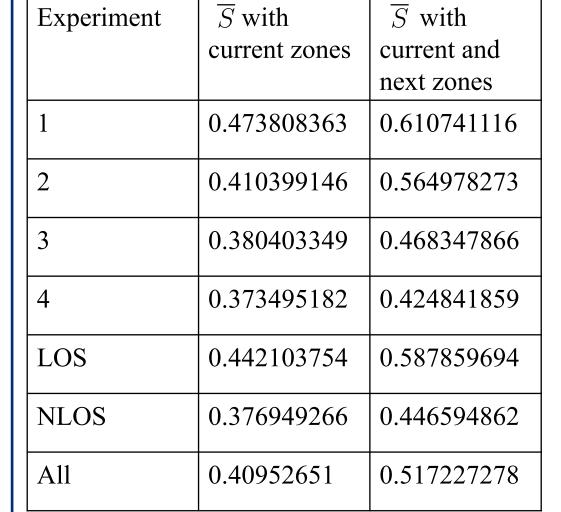
Non-line-of-sight (NLOS) setup with 4 anchor nodes showing 18 overlapping zones arising from 25 advertising zones in the simulated store

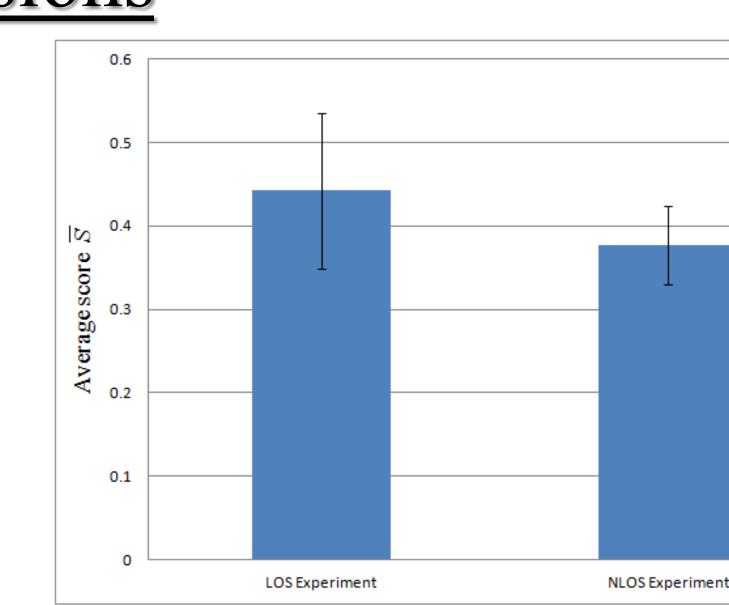
Simulated Store Results



• Position estimates for line-of-sight (LOS) experiments (1 and 2) and non-lineof-sight (NLOS) experiments (3 and 4)







- Difference of means statistical test showed LOS and NLOS experiments are statistically different at 99% confidence level
 - In a LOS environment correct advertisements are top ranked 44.4% to 48.6% of the time using position update rate $\alpha = 0.1$ seconds, advertisement update rate $\beta = 1$ second, advertisement delay $\omega = 0$ seconds, time scale factor $\tau = 1$ second, and minimum radius $r_{\min} = 50$ cm.
 - In a NLOS environment correct advertisements are top ranked 33.3% to 35.7% of the time using $\alpha = 0.5$, $\beta = 1$, $\omega = 0$, $\tau = 2$, and $r_{\min} = 50$
 - Counting advertisements from current and next zones increases average advertising score \overline{S} by 0.108 (26.3%)



